



INSTALLATION GUIDE

TILE FLOOR COVERING

Installation and maintenance

TOOLS REQUIRED:



UTILITY KNIFE



SAFETY GOOGLES



PENCIL



TAPE MEASURE



TOOTH SAW (IF CUTTING)

PRODUCT FEATURES:

- Holds heavy weight
- Cleaning easier than concrete or epoxy flooring
- Fast installation
- Multiple colour variant
- Non slip surface
- 100% portable
- Wide operating temperature
- Resistant to UV, oil, gas and other automotive fluids
- Good resistance to acids/solvents
- Environmentally friendly
- 100% recyclable

Floor tiles application:

Floor tiles are intended for use in the indoors.

Floor can be used as a wall to wall application or as an independent floor covering under the vehicle.

Floor tiles should be applied directly on the concrete. No subfloor is needed however floor should be flat and smooth.

No adhesives are needed for this installation.

Sharp, heavy objects such as an automotive jack, jack stand, or motorcycle kickstand may cut or damage the tile floor covering. To protect the tile floor covering from damage use a pad or flat board.

Floor preparation:

The tile floor should be placed over dry, clean, flat and smooth surface.

Clean the sub-floor of all excess concrete spots, solid debris or paint spots using suitable scraping methods. Repair any surface cracks and allow to dry completely.

Floor elements:

Tiles



Edging ramp male



Edging ramp female



Corner ramp



IMPORTANT: If installing edge trim around the perimeter walls in a wall to wall application, determine the number of whole tiles to be used. Be sure to leave a minimum of 1/2" (1.25 cm) space between the edge trim and the perimeter of the garage walls.

INSTALLATION:

1. Determine the starting point. Usually it is the front of the garage at the centre of a door. Mark the line and start laying tile at the bottom left hand corner of the space to be covered (Figure A).
2. Start installation from placing the edge of the female ramp to the centre of door opening. This will guide the tiles installation.
3. Fit the first tile paying attention to which directions loops are facing. First tile must be fit from the bottom left hand corner of the space to be covered.
4. Install the first row towards the back wall of the garage. Continue with the second row making sure the loops are facing the same direction (Figure B).

Note: When installing tiles on the left-hand side of the column, it may be necessary to adjust the position of the edge trim and tiles.

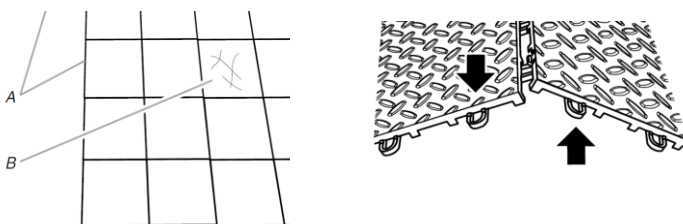
5. Allow male loops to engage into female loops (Figure C).
6. Align the loops and then apply the pressure from your hand or your foot to make them snap together
7. Connect the remaining tiles on the right of the each row and work towards the back of the garage.
8. If necessary, cut the last column of tiles to fit between the existing column and the back wall of the garage (Figure D).

Note: If there are any obstructions in the path of the tile floor Covering such as a floor drain, support post, or stairs, use a saw to make the necessary cutouts.

MAINTENANCE

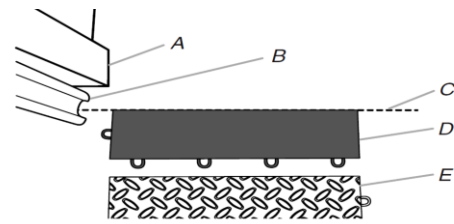
Note: Sometimes it may be necessary to replace broken tile or remove some tiles for cleaning.

1. To separate tiles start from the left edge of the column.
2. Lift up in the centre of the tiles pulling up on the right while pushing down on the left. This will unsnap the tiles.



A – left edge, B – damaged tile

Figure A



A – door opening, B - door track, C - center line

D - edging ramp, E – tile with male tabs facing front and left

Figure B

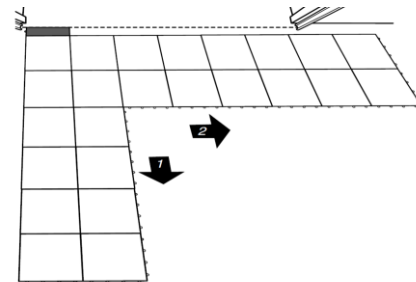
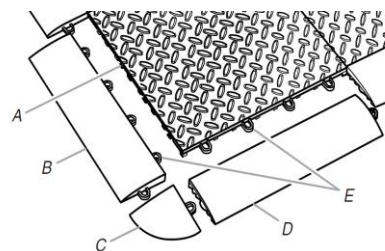
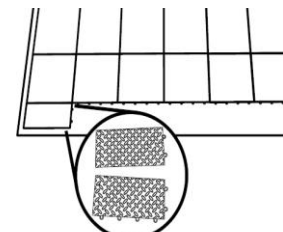


Figure C



A – male tabs, E – female tabs

Figure D



NOTE

Sweep the tile floor covering, as needed, to remove surface dirt, sand, rocks and other abrasive material that may scratch or cut the surface finish.

Periodically, wash the tile floor covering with a mild soap and water solution. Use a soft scrub brush to remove ground-in dirt or stains. Do not use a hard scrub brush. Excessive scrubbing will cause damage to the surface finish.